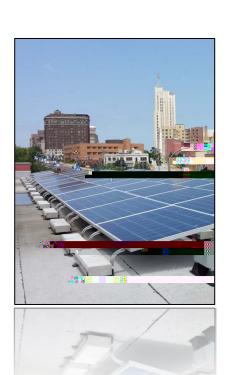
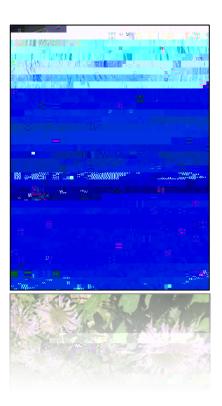
Saint Louis University Greenhouse Gas Inventory Executive Summary

FY2015







Introduction

A greenhouse gas (GHG) inventory is a comprehensive analysis of all emissions created fromsedergy by an institution. Greenhouse gases are gases which absorb radiated heat in the atmosphere. As the gases absorb heat, the atmospheric temperature rises. This creates climate change. The most common a impactful greenhouse gases are carbon dio $\Omega(\Phi)$ (methane (Ch), and nitrous oxide (Ω).

The tool used to complete the greenhouse gas inventory, is the Carbon Management and Analysis Platform. This online tool measures SLU's emissions from six primary greenhouse gases:

- Carbon dioxide (Cରୁ
- Methane (C⅓)
- Nitrous oxide (NO)
- Hydrofluorocarbon(HFC)
- Perfluorocarbon(PFC)

Summary Statistics

FY15 Metrics

Emissions by Scope

Comparisons

When compared to the city of St. Louis, Missouri, SLU's FY15emeitssions contribute roughly02% to the total measured emissions of St. Louis is sissions for calendar year 2010. The city of St. Louis measured emissions in two groups: community emission and government emissions.combined emissions equal, 857,132mtCO₂e. SLU's campus is 271 acres. The city of St. Louis is 42,204%. SLU accounts for 0.6% of the total city is reage.

Compared to inventories of other universities, SLU's emissions are higher than the assertange. possible reasons for higher isosions are related to an older building portfolio compared to other higher education institutions) energy intense medical and research spaces, c) regional fuel sources that are primarily coalbased, and d) regional imate patterns which reach temperature extremes throughout the year.

